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an act of receiving a digital video signal and a digital audio signal;

an act of extracting a plurality of digital video packets from the digital video signal;

an act of extracting a plurality of digital audio packets from the digital audio signal;

an act of using a video clock to control the timing of the presentation of the video information represented by the plurality of digital video packets; and

an act of using an audio clock to control the timing of the presentation of the audio information represented by the plurality of digital audio packets, wherein the audio clock operates separately and independently of the video clock.

2. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 1, further comprising the following:

an act of adding a local video time stamp to a digital video packet at a substantially constant time period, packet to packet, after the receiver receives the digital

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video packet; and

an act of comparing a program clock reference within the digital video packet to the local video time stamp.

3. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 2, wherein the act of using a video clock to control the timing of the presentation of the video information represented by the plurality of digital video packets comprises an act of controlling the speed of the video clock based on the comparison of the program clock reference to the local video time stamp.

4. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 3, further comprising the following:

an act of adding a local audio time stamp to a digital audio packet at a substantially constant time period, packet to packet, after the receiver receives the digital audio packet; and

an act of comparing a program clock reference within the digital audio packet to the local audio time stamp.

5. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 4, wherein the act of using an audio clock to

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control the timing of the presentation of the audio information represented by the plurality of digital audio packets comprises an act of controlling the speed of the audio clock based on the comparison of the program clock reference to the local audio time stamp.

6. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 1, further comprising the following:

an act of adding a local audio time stamp to a digital audio packet at a substantially constant time period packet to packet after the receiver receives the digital audio packet; and

an act of comparing a program clock reference within the digital audio packet to the local audio time stamp.

- 7. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 6, wherein the act of using an audio clock to control the timing of the presentation of the audio information represented by the plurality of digital audio packets comprises an act of controlling the speed of the audio clock based on the comparison of the program clock reference to the local audio time stamp.
- 8. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 1, wherein the act of using a video clock to

control the timing of the presentation of the video information represented by the plurality of digital video packets comprises the following:

an act of comparing the local time at the digital receiver with a program clock reference within one of the digital video packets;

an act of slowing down the video clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the video information is ahead of schedule; and

an act of speeding up the video clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the video information is behind schedule.

9. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 8, wherein the act of using an audio clock to control the timing of the presentation of the audio information represented by the plurality of digital audio packets comprises the following:

an act of comparing the local time at the digital receiver with a program clock reference within one of the digital audio packets;

an act of slowing down the audio clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the audio information is ahead of schedule; and

an act of speeding up the audio clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the audio information is behind schedule.

10. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information

of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 1, wherein the act of using a video clock to
control the timing of the presentation of the video information represented by the plurality of
digital video packets comprises the following:

an act of comparing the local time at the digital receiver with a program clock reference within one of the digital video packets;

an act of slowing down the video clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the video information is ahead of schedule; and

an act of speeding up the video clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the video information is behind schedule.

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A computer program product for use in a digital receiver that is configured to receive a digital video signal representing a plurality of digital video packets and a digital audio signal representing a plurality of digital audio packets, a method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets so that the video information and the audio information may be accurately timed even if they are from different unrelated programs, the computer-program product comprising a computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing the following:

an act of using a video clock to control the timing of the presentation of the video information; and

an act of, separately and independently of the video clock, using an audio clock to control the timing of the presentation of the audio information.

12. The computer program product as recited in Claim 11, wherein the computerexecutable instructions for performing the act of using a video clock to control the timing of the presentation of the video information comprises computer-executable instructions for performing the following:

an act of comparing the local time at the digital receiver with a program clock reference within one of the digital video packets;

an act of slowing down the video clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the video information is ahead of schedule;

an act of speeding up the video clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the video information is behind schedule.

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The computer program product as recited in Claim 12, wherein the computer-13. executable instructions for performing the act of using an audio clock to control the timing of the presentation of the audio information comprises computer-executable instructions for performing the following:

an act of comparing the local time at the digital receiver with a program clock reference within one of the digital audio packets;

an act of slowing down the audio clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the audio information is ahead of schedule; and

an act of speeding up the audio clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the audio information is behind schedule.

14. The computer program product as recited in Claim 11, wherein the computerexecutable instructions for performing the act of using an audio clock to control the timing of the presentation of the audio information comprises computer-executable instructions for performing the following:

an act of comparing the local time at the digital receiver with a program clock reference within one of the digital audio packets;

an act of slowing down the audio clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the audio information is ahead of schedule; and

an act of speeding up the audio clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the audio information is behind schedule.

15. In a digital receiver that is configured to receive a digital video signal representing a plurality of digital video packets and a digital audio signal representing a plurality of digital audio packets, a method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets so that the video information and the audio information may be accurately timed even if they are from different unrelated programs, the method comprising the following:

an act of receiving a digital video signal and a digital audio signal;

an act of extracting a plurality of digital video packets from the digital video signal;

an act of extracting a plurality of digital audio packets from the digital audio signal; and

a step for independently controlling a video clock that controls the timing of the video presentation speed of the plurality of digital video packets, and an audio clock that controls the timing of the audio presentation speed of the plurality of digital audio packets.

16. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 15, wherein the step for independently controlling a video clock and an audio clock comprises the following:

an act of using a video clock to control the timing of the presentation of the video information represented by the plurality of digital video packets; and

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17. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 16, wherein the act of using a video clock to control the timing of the presentation of the video information represented by the plurality of digital video packets comprises the following:

an act of comparing the local time at the digital receiver with a program clock reference within one of the digital video packets;

an act of slowing down the video clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the video information is ahead of schedule; and

an act of speeding up the video clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the video information is behind schedule.

18. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 17, wherein the act of using an audio clock to control the timing of the presentation of the audio information represented by the plurality of digital audio packets comprises the following:

an act of comparing the local time at the digital receiver with a program clock reference within one of the digital audio packets;

an act of slowing down the audio clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the audio information is ahead of schedule; and

an act of speeding up the audio clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the audio information is behind schedule.

19. The method of independently timing the presentation of the video information of the digital video packets with respect to the timing of the presentation of the audio information of the digital audio packets as recited in Claim 15, wherein the act of using a video clock to control the timing of the presentation of the video information represented by the plurality of digital video packets comprises the following:

an act of comparing the local time at the digital receiver with a program clock reference within one of the digital video packets;

an act of slowing down the video clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the video information is ahead of schedule; and

an act of speeding up the video clock if the comparison indicates that the presentation of the video information is behind schedule.